



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Vignia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 07/03/2003

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/578,998 05/25/2000 Kaori Inoue 380153-62 7465 7590 07/03/2003 Oppenheimer Wolff & Donnelly LLP EXAMINER 840 Newport Center Drive GURZO, PAUL M Suite 700 Newport Beach, CA 92660 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2881

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	_					HC
			Application No.		Applicant(s)	
. Office Action Summary			09/578,998		INOUE ET AL.	
			xaminer		Art Unit	
···			Paul Gurzo		2881	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu or Reply	nication appea	rs on the cover	sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN sions of time may be available under the provisior SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comperiod for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum are to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IICATION. is of 37 CFR 1.136(a imunication. (30) days, a reply wit statutory period will a ly will, by statute, cal	a). In no event, howe thin the statutory mini apply and will expire S use the application to	ver, may a reply be tim mum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from become ABANDONEI	ely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this co	
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s)	iled on <u>14 Apr</u>	il 2003 .			
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL.	2b) This a	action is non-fir	nal.		
3)□ Dispositi	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the praction of Claims					e merits is
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the	application.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/	are withdrawn	from considera	ation.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
•	Claim(s) are subject to restr on Papers	iction and/or e	lection requirer	ment.		
·· _	The specification is objected to by the	ne Evaminer				
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are		d or h) Objects	ed to by the Evan	miner	
10)	Applicant may not request that any of					
11) 🗆 -	The proposed drawing correction file	=				er.
,	If approved, corrected drawings are r					
12) 🔲 -	Γhe oath or declaration is objected t					
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	•				
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a clair	n for foreign p	riority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).	
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		•			
,-	1. Certified copies of the priority	documents h	ave been recei	ved.		
	2. Certified copies of the priority				on No	
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
				•		l application)
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
) L.J. The translation of the foreign is Acknowledgment is made of a claim	• • •				
Attachmen	t(s)					
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)		5)		(PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (PT	

Art Unit: 2881



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adachi et al. (5,351,198).

Regarding claim 1, 198 teach quantitatively analyzing a plurality of components in a sample based on an absorption spectrum obtained by FTIR as well as calculating multi-component concentrations from a mixed gas spectrum using a quantitative algorithm (col. 2, lines 15-27). They also teach that when a plurality of ingredients are measured, which is viewed as a coexistent gas component, and analyzed, it is possible that the absorption spectra of a plurality of ingredients to be measured can be previously measured, and the measured absorption spectra can be memorized in, for example, a computer within an analyzer as reference spectra. In such a case, it is necessary to make a calibration matrix from the reference spectra within the computer each time that a plurality of ingredients of unknown concentrations in the sample to be measured are quantitatively determined (col. 4, line 66 - col. 7, line 9). The calibration matrix is viewed as a correction change in the spectrum due to the coexistent gas component. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a correction step because this will lead to enhanced measurement for quantitative determination.

Application/Control Limber: 09/578,998

Art Unit: 2881

Regarding claims 2-3, 198 teaches FTIR measurement of the sample as applied above, and teach the use of a memory portion (22) that acts as an external analyzer, such as a CPU. They teach correlation through the calibration matrix as applied above, and it is well known in the art that a method other than FTIR can be used.

Regarding claims 4-20, 198 teaches that ingredients of the exhaust gas are CO₂, CO, NO, and H₂O, and they teach that a general linear algebraic method can be used as means for determining the concentrations of the respective ingredients contained in the group of ingredients in the exhaust gas (col. 7, line 54 - col. 8, line 2).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul Gurzo whose telephone number is (703) 306-0532. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Thurs. 7:30 - 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Lee can be reached on (703) 308-4116. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9318 for regular communications and (703) 872-9319 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

PMG June 24, 2003 SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER